Amendment to the Chairman's Mark

Offered by Representatives Jackson Lee, Yarmuth, Lee, Lujan Grisham, Higgins, DelBene, Wasserman Schultz, Boyle, Khanna, Jayapal, and Schakowsky

Protect Medicaid

1. Increase budget authority and outlays for Function 550 (Health) by the following amounts in billions of dollars to reject deep cuts to Medicaid.

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
BA	14	30	44	90	118	137	151	165	177	190
Outlays	14	30	44	90	118	137	151	165	177	190

- 2. Adjust the aggregate levels of revenue by amounts equal to the foregoing outlay changes in paragraph 1 by partially reversing the Republican tax giveaways for the wealthy and corporations enacted in P.L. 115-97, which may include raising the corporate tax rate, restoring the top individual income tax rate up to the pre-P.L. 115-97 level, or restoring the estate and gift tax exemption levels to 2017 law, which would still exempt estates and gifts below \$5.5 million for single individuals and twice that amount for couples.
- 3. Make all necessary and conforming changes to the Chairman's mark.
- 4. Amend the committee report to reflect the following policy assumptions:

The resolution maintains Medicaid funding at the current-law level. The resolution rejects any policy to convert federal funding of Medicaid to a block-grant or per-capita cap, end enhanced funding for the Medicaid expansion population under the Affordable Care Act, or impose restrictive conditions on Medicaid eligibility and benefits. The Congressional Budget Office in 2017 estimated the House-passed American Health Care Act (H.R. 1628), which includes such policies, would cut Medicaid spending by \$834 billion over ten years and reduce Medicaid enrollment by 14 million in 2026.

The resolution accommodates this necessary level of Medicaid funding by partially reversing the Republican tax giveaways for the wealthy and corporations enacted in P.L. 115-97, which may include raising the corporate tax rate, restoring the top individual income tax rate up to the pre-P.L. 115-97 level, or restoring the estate and gift tax exemption levels to 2017 law, which would still exempt estates and gifts below \$5.5 million for single individuals and twice that amount for couples.