

Amendment to the Chairman's Mark

Offered by Representatives DelBene, Yarmuth, Lee, Lujan Grisham, Wasserman Schultz, Boyle, Khanna, Jayapal, Carbajal, Jackson Lee, and Schakowsky

Protect Nutrition Assistance

1. Increase budget authority and outlays for Function 600 (Income Security) by the following amounts in billions of dollars to reject deep cuts to the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP).

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
BA	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
Outlays	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0

2. Adjust the aggregate levels of revenue by amounts equal to the foregoing outlay changes in paragraph 1 by partially reversing the Republican tax giveaways for the wealthy and corporations enacted in P.L. 115-97, which may include raising the corporate tax rate, restoring the top individual income tax rate up to the pre-P.L. 115-97 level, or restoring the estate and gift tax exemption levels to 2017 law, which would still exempt estates and gifts below \$5.5 million for single individuals and twice that amount for couples.
3. Make all necessary and conforming changes to the Chairman's mark.
4. Amend the committee report to reflect the following policy assumptions:

The resolution assumes the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) will retain its current structure. SNAP plays a vital role in helping vulnerable Americans combat food insecurity in order to maintain adequate diets, improving lives today and setting up children for success in the future. The current structure allows the program to automatically expand as needs increase, especially during tough economic times, and decline as needs wane.

The resolution accommodates this necessary level of SNAP funding by partially reversing the Republican tax giveaways for the wealthy and corporations enacted in P.L. 115-97, which may include raising the corporate tax rate, restoring the top individual income tax rate up to the pre-P.L. 115-97 level, or restoring the estate and gift tax

exemption levels to 2017 law, which would still exempt estates and gifts below \$5.5 million for single individuals and twice that amount for couples.