(Original Signature of Member)
119TH CONGRESS H. R.
To strengthen and enhance the congressional power of the purse, and for other purposes.
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Mr. Boyle of Pennsylvania introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on
A BILL
To strengthen and enhance the congressional power of the purse, and for other purposes.
1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4 This Act may be cited as the "Congressional Power
5 of the Purse Act".
6 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

7

Sec. 1. Short title.Sec. 2. Table of contents.

# TITLE I—STRENGTHENING CONGRESSIONAL CONTROL AND REVIEW TO PREVENT IMPOUNDMENT

- Sec. 101. Prohibition on fast-track procedures under the Impoundment Control Act of 1974.
- Sec. 102. Strengthening congressional control.
- Sec. 103. Strengthening congressional review.
- Sec. 104. Updated authorities for and reporting by the Comptroller General.
- Sec. 105. Advance congressional notification and litigation.
- Sec. 106. Penalties for failure to comply with the Impoundment Control Act of 1974.
- Sec. 107. Clarification of treatment of GAO report as special message.
- Sec. 108. Congressional designations.

#### TITLE II—STRENGTHENING TRANSPARENCY AND REPORTING

## Subtitle A—Funds Management and Reporting to the Congress

- Sec. 211. Expired balance reporting in the President's budget.
- Sec. 212. Cancelled balance reporting in the President's budget.
- Sec. 213. Lapse in appropriations—reporting in the President's budget.
- Sec. 214. Transfer and other repurposing authority reporting in the President's budget.
- Sec. 215. Authorizing cancellations in indefinite accounts by appropriation.
- Sec. 216. National Emergencies Act declaration spending reporting in the President's budget.

## Subtitle B—Empowering Congressional Review Through Nonpartisan Congressional Agencies and Transparency Initiatives

- Sec. 221. Requirement to respond to requests for information from the Comptroller General for budget and appropriations law decisions.
- Sec. 222. Reporting requirements for Antideficiency Act violations.
- Sec. 223. Department of Justice reporting to Congress for Antideficiency Act violations.
- Sec. 224. Treatment of requests for information from Members of Congress.
- Sec. 225. Suits by Comptroller General for Antideficiency Act violations.
- Sec. 226. Inspector General for the Office of Management and Budget.
- Sec. 227. Publication of budget or appropriations law opinions of the Department of Justice Office of Legal Counsel.

## TITLE III—REPUBLIC ACT

## Sec. 301. Short title.

## Subtitle A—Congressional Review of National Emergencies

- Sec. 311. Congressional review of national emergencies.
- Sec. 312. Reporting requirements.
- Sec. 313. Exclusion of certain national emergencies invoking International Emergency Economic Powers Act.
- Sec. 314. Conforming amendments.
- Sec. 315. Effective date; applicability.

# Subtitle B—Limitations on Emergency Authorities

- Sec. 321. Presidential war powers under Communications Act of 1934.
- Sec. 322. Disclosure to Congress of presidential emergency action documents.

1	TITLE I—STRENGTHENING CON-	
2	GRESSIONAL CONTROL AND	
3	REVIEW TO PREVENT IM-	
4	POUNDMENT	
5	SEC. 101. PROHIBITION ON FAST-TRACK PROCEDURES	
6	UNDER THE IMPOUNDMENT CONTROL ACT	
7	OF 1974.	
8	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, during	
9	the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this	
10	Act and ending on January 20, 2029, the procedures	
11	under section 1017 of the Impoundment Control Act of	
12	1974 (2 U.S.C. 688) shall have no force or effect.	
13	SEC. 102. STRENGTHENING CONGRESSIONAL CONTROL.	
14	(a) IN GENERAL.—Part B of the Impoundment Con-	
15	trol Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 682 et seq.) is amended by	
16	adding at the end the following:	
17	"PRUDENT OBLIGATION OF BUDGET AUTHORITY AND	
18	SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS FOR EXPIRING BUDGET	
19	AUTHORITY	
20	"Sec. 1018. (a) Special Message Require-	
21	MENT.—With respect to budget authority proposed to be	
22	rescinded or that is set to be reserved or proposed to be	
23	deferred in a special message transmitted under section	
24	1012 or 1013, such budget authority—	

1	"(1) shall be made available for obligation in
2	sufficient time to be prudently obligated as required
3	under section 1012(b) or 1013; and
4	"(2) may not be deferred or otherwise withheld
5	from obligation during the 90-day period before the
6	expiration of the period of availability of such budget
7	authority, including, if applicable, the 90-day period
8	before the expiration of an initial period of avail-
9	ability for which such budget authority was pro-
10	vided.
11	"(b) Administrative Requirement.—With respect
12	to an apportionment of an appropriation (as that term is
13	defined in section 1511 of title 31, United States Code)
14	made pursuant to section 1512 of such title, an appropria-
15	tion shall be apportioned—
16	"(1) to make available all amounts for obliga-
17	tion in sufficient time to be prudently obligated; and
18	"(2) to make available all amounts for obliga-
19	tion, without precondition (including footnotes) that
20	shall be met prior to obligation, not later than 90
21	days before the expiration of the period of avail-
22	ability of such appropriation, including, if applicable,
23	90 days before the expiration of an initial period of
24	availability for which such appropriation was pro-
25	vided.".

1	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
2	of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control
3	Act of 1974 set forth in section 1(b) of such Act is amend-
4	ed by inserting after the item relating to section 1017 the
5	following:
	"1018. Prudent obligation of budget authority and specific requirements for expiring budget authority.".
6	SEC. 103. STRENGTHENING CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW.
7	(a) In General.—Part B of the Impoundment Con-
8	trol Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 682 et seq.), as amended by
9	section 102(a), is further amended by adding at the end
10	the following:
11	"REPORTING ON APPORTIONMENT OF APPROPRIATIONS
12	BY DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES
13	"Sec. 1019. Each department or agency shall—
14	"(1) notify the Committee on the Budget and
15	the Committee on Appropriations of the House of
16	Representatives, the Committee on the Budget and
17	the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and
18	any other appropriate congressional committees if—
19	"(A) an apportionment is not made in the
20	required time period provided in section
21	1513(b) of title 31, United States Code;
22	"(B) an approved apportionment received
23	by the department or agency conditions the

1	availability of an appropriation on further ac-
2	tion; or
3	"(C) an approved apportionment received
4	by the department or agency may hinder the
5	prudent obligation of such appropriation or the
6	execution of a program, project, or activity by
7	such department or agency; and
8	"(2) include in each notification under para-
9	graph (1) information identifying the bureau, ac-
10	count name, appropriation name, and Treasury Ap-
11	propriation Fund Symbol or fund account.".
12	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
13	of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control
14	Act of 1974 set forth in section 1(b) of such Act, as
15	amended by section 102(b), is further amended by insert-
16	ing after the item relating to section 1018 the following:
	"1019. Reporting on apportionment of appropriations by departments and agencies.".
17	SEC. 104. UPDATED AUTHORITIES FOR AND REPORTING BY
18	THE COMPTROLLER GENERAL.
19	(a) In General.—Section 1015 of the Congressional
20	Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C.
21	686) is amended by adding at the end the following:
22	"(c) Review.—
23	"(1) In General.—The Comptroller General
24	shall—

1	"(A) review compliance with this part; and
2	"(B) submit to the Committee on the
3	Budget, the Committee on Appropriations, and
4	the Committee on Homeland Security and Gov-
5	ernmental Affairs of the Senate, the Committee
6	on the Budget, the Committee on Appropria-
7	tions, and the Committee on Oversight and Re-
8	form of the House of Representatives, and any
9	other appropriate congressional committee of
10	the Senate or the House of Representatives a
11	report, and any relevant information related to
12	the report, on any noncompliance with this
13	part.
14	"(2) Information, documentation, and
15	VIEWS.—The President or the head of the relevant
16	department or agency of the United States shall pro-
17	vide information, documentation, and views to the
18	Comptroller General, as is determined by the Comp-
19	troller General to be necessary to determine such
20	compliance, not later than 20 days after the date on
21	which the request from the Comptroller General is
22	received, or if the Comptroller General determines
23	that a shorter or longer period is appropriate based
24	on the specific circumstances, within such shorter or
25	longer period.

1	"(3) Access.—To carry out the responsibilities
2	of this part, the Comptroller General shall have ac-
3	cess to interview the officers, employees, contractors,
4	and other agents and representatives of a depart-
5	ment, agency, or office of the United States at any
6	reasonable time as the Comptroller General may re-
7	quest.".
8	(b) Rule of Construction.—Section 1001 of the
9	Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of
10	1974 (2 U.S.C. 681) is amended—
11	(1) in paragraph (3), by striking "or" at the
12	end;
13	(2) in paragraph (4), by striking the period at
14	the end and inserting "; or"; and
15	(3) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(5) affecting or limiting in any way the au-
17	thorities provided to the Comptroller General under
18	chapter 7 of title 31, United States Code.".
19	SEC. 105. ADVANCE CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION AND
20	LITIGATION.
21	Section 1016 of the Impoundment Control Act of
22	1974 (2 U.S.C. 687) is amended to read as follows:
23	"SUITS BY COMPTROLLER GENERAL
24	"Sec. 1016. (a) In General.—If, under this title,
25	budget authority is required to be made available for obli-
26	gation and such budget authority is not made available

- 1 for obligation or information, documentation, views, or ac-
- 2 cess are required to be produced and such information,
- 3 documentation, views, or access are not produced, the
- 4 Comptroller General is expressly empowered, through at-
- 5 torneys selected by the Comptroller General, to bring a
- 6 civil action in the United States District Court for the Dis-
- 7 trict of Columbia to require such budget authority to be
- 8 made available for obligation or such information, docu-
- 9 mentation, views, or access to be produced.
- 10 "(b) COURT AUTHORITY.—In a civil action under
- 11 subsection (a), the court is expressly empowered to enter,
- 12 against any department, agency, officer, or employee of
- 13 the United States, any decree, judgment, or order which
- 14 may be necessary or appropriate to make such budget au-
- 15 thority available for obligation or compel production of
- 16 such information, documentation, views, or access.
- 17 "(c) Notice.—No civil action shall be brought by the
- 18 Comptroller General to require budget authority be made
- 19 available under this section until the expiration of 15 cal-
- 20 endar days following the date on which an explanatory
- 21 statement by the Comptroller General of the cir-
- 22 cumstances giving rise to the action contemplated is filed
- 23 with the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the
- 24 President of the Senate, except that expiration of such pe-
- 25 riod shall not be required if the Comptroller General finds

- 1 (and incorporates the finding in the explanatory statement
- 2 filed) that such delay would be contrary to the public in-
- 3 terest.".
- 4 SEC. 106. PENALTIES FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THE
- 5 IMPOUNDMENT CONTROL ACT OF 1974.
- 6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Part B of the Impoundment Con-
- 7 trol Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 682 et seq.), as amended by
- 8 section 103(a), is further amended by adding at the end
- 9 the following:
- 10 "PENALTIES FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY
- 11 "Sec. 1020. (a) Administrative Discipline.—An
- 12 officer or employee of the United States Government who
- 13 withholds or causes to be withheld the obligation of budget
- 14 authority that is required to be made available for obliga-
- 15 tion under this part shall be subject to appropriate admin-
- 16 istrative discipline, including, when circumstances war-
- 17 rant, suspension from duty without pay or removal from
- 18 office.
- 19 "(b) Criminal Penalty.—An officer or employee of
- 20 the United States Government who knowingly and willfully
- 21 withholds or causes to be withheld the obligation of budget
- 22 authority that is required to be made available for obliga-
- 23 tion under this part shall be fined not more than \$5,000,
- 24 imprisoned for not more than 2 years, or both.
- 25 "(c) Reporting Violations.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—In the event of a violation of section 1001, 1012, 1013, or 1018 of this part, or in the case that the Comptroller General issues a legal decision concluding that a department, agency, or office of the United States violated this part, the President or the head of the relevant department or agency as the case may be, shall report immediately to Congress all relevant facts and a statement of actions taken. A copy of each report shall also be transmitted to the Comptroller General and the relevant inspector general on the same date the report is transmitted to the Congress.

"(2) Contents.—Any such report shall include a summary of the facts pertaining to the violation, the title and Treasury Appropriation Fund Symbol of the appropriation or fund account, the amount involved for each violation, the date on which the violation occurred, the position of any individuals responsible for the violation, a statement of the administrative discipline imposed and any further action taken with respect to any officer or employee involved in the violation, a statement of any additional action taken to prevent recurrence of the same type of violation, and any written response by any officer or employee identified by position as involved in the

1 violation. In the case that the Comptroller General 2 issues a legal decision concluding that a department, 3 agency, or office of the United States violated this part and the relevant department, agency, or office 5 does not agree that a violation has occurred, the re-6 port provided to Congress, the Comptroller General, 7 and relevant inspector general will explain the posi-8 tion of the department, agency, or office. 9 "(3) OPPORTUNITY TO RESPOND.—If any such 10 report identifies the position of any officer or em-11 ployee as involved in the violation, such officer or 12 employee shall be provided a reasonable opportunity 13 to respond in writing, and any such response shall 14 be appended to the report. 15 "(d) Attorney General Review of Reports.— In the case that a report is transmitted under subsection 16 17 (c), the Attorney General shall promptly review such report and investigate to the extent necessary to determine 18 19 whether there are reasonable grounds to believe that the responsible officer or employee knowingly and willfully vio-20 21 lated section 1001, 1012, 1013, or 1018 of this part, as 22 applicable. If the Attorney General determines that there 23 are such reasonable grounds, the Attorney General diligently shall investigate a criminal violation under this section.". 25

1	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
2	of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control
3	Act of 1974 set forth in section 1(b) of such Act, as
4	amended by section 103(b), is further amended by insert-
5	ing after the item relating to section 1019 the following:
	"1020. Penalties for failure to comply.".
6	SEC. 107. CLARIFICATION OF TREATMENT OF GAO REPORT
7	AS SPECIAL MESSAGE.
8	Section 1015(a) of the Congressional Budget and Im-
9	poundment Control Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 686(a)) is
10	amended by striking the last sentence and inserting "Any
11	funds with respect to which such reserve or deferral apply
12	may not be proposed for reservation or deferral pursuant
13	to a special message under section 1012 or 1013 on or
14	after the date that the Comptroller General submits such
15	report.".
16	SEC. 108. CONGRESSIONAL DESIGNATIONS.
17	Section 251(b)(2)(A) of the Balanced Budget and
18	Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C.
19	901(b)(2)(A)) is amended—
20	(1) in clause (i), by striking "and the President
21	subsequently so designates"; and
22	(2) in clause (ii), by striking "and the President
23	subsequently so designates".

1	TITLE	II—STRE	NGTHE!	NING
2	TRANSP	ARENCY	AND	RE-
3	PORTIN	G		
4	Subtitle A	-Funds M	[anagem	ent
5	and Repo	orting to th	e Congr	ess
6	SEC. 211. EXPIRED	BALANCE REPOR	RTING IN TH	E PRESI-
7	<b>DENT</b>	S BUDGET.		
8	Section 1105(	a) of title 31, U	nited States	Code, is
9	amended by adding	at the end the fol	lowing:	
10	"(40) for	the budget for	each of fisc	eal years
11	2027 through	2031, a report—		
12	"(A)	identifying uno	bligated expi	ired bal-
13	ances as	of the beginning	of the curre	ent fiscal
14	year and	the beginning of	each of the p	oreceding
15	2 fiscal	years by agency	and the a	pplicable
16	Treasury	Appropriation F	'und Symbol	or fund
17	account; a	and		
18	"(B)	providing explan	nation of un	obligated
19	expired b	alances in any Tı	reasury Appr	opriation
20	Fund Syn	mbol or fund acc	count that ex	ceed the
21	lesser of	5 percent of total	appropriation	ons made
22	available	for that account	or \$100,000,0	000.".

1	SEC. 212. CANCELLED BALANCE REPORTING IN THE PRESI-
2	DENT'S BUDGET.
3	Section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, as
4	amended by section 211, is further amended by adding
5	at the end the following:
6	"(41) for the budget for each of fiscal years
7	2027 through 2031, a report—
8	"(A) identifying cancelled balances (pursu-
9	ant to section 1552(a)) for the preceding 3 fis-
10	cal years by agency and Treasury Appropriation
11	Fund Symbol or fund account;
12	"(B) providing explanation of cancelled
13	balances in any Treasury Appropriation Fund
14	Symbol or fund account that exceed the lesser
15	of 5 percent of total appropriations made avail-
16	able for that account or \$100,000,000; and
17	"(C) including a tabulation, by Treasury
18	Appropriation Fund Symbol or fund account
19	and appropriation, of all balances of appropria-
20	tions available for an indefinite period in an ap-
21	propriation account available for an indefinite
22	period that do not meet the criteria for closure
23	under section 1555, but for which either—
24	"(i) the head of the agency concerned
25	or the President has determined that the

1	purposes for which the appropriation was
2	made have been carried out; or
3	"(ii) no disbursement has been made
4	against the appropriation—
5	"(I) in the prior year and the
6	preceding fiscal year; or
7	"(II) in the prior year and which
8	the budget estimates zero disburse-
9	ments in the current year.".
10	SEC. 213. LAPSE IN APPROPRIATIONS—REPORTING IN THE
11	PRESIDENT'S BUDGET.
12	Section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, as
13	amended by section 212, is further amended by adding
14	at the end the following:
15	"(42) a report—
16	"(A) identifying any obligation or expendi-
17	ture made by a department or agency affected
18	in whole or in part by any lapse in appropria-
19	tions of 5 consecutive days or more during the
20	preceding fiscal year for which amounts were
21	not available; and
22	"(B) with respect to any such obligation or
23	expenditure, providing—
24	"(i) the amount so obligated or ex-
25	pended;

1	"(ii) the account affected;
2	"(iii) an explanation of the exception
3	under subchapter III of chapter 13 or sub-
4	chapter II of chapter 15 of this title, or
5	another legal authority, that permitted the
6	department or agency, as the case may be,
7	to incur such obligation or expenditure;
8	and
9	"(iv) an explanation of any change in
10	the application of any exception under sub-
11	chapter III of chapter 13 or subchapter II
12	of chapter 15 of this title for a program,
13	project, or activity from any explanations
14	previously reported on pursuant to this
15	paragraph.".
16	SEC. 214. TRANSFER AND OTHER REPURPOSING AUTHOR-
17	ITY REPORTING IN THE PRESIDENT'S BUDG-
18	ET.
19	Section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, as
20	amended by section 213, is further amended by adding
21	at the end the following:
22	"(43) for the budget for fiscal year 2027, a re-
23	port—
24	"(A) identifying any transfer authority or
25	other authority to repurpose appropriations pro-

1	vided in a law other than an appropriation act;
2	and
3	"(B) with respect to any such authority,
4	providing the citation to the statute, the list of
5	departments or agencies covered, an expla-
6	nation of when such authority may be used, and
7	an explanation on any use of such authority in
8	the preceding 3 fiscal years.".
9	SEC. 215. AUTHORIZING CANCELLATIONS IN INDEFINITE
10	ACCOUNTS BY APPROPRIATION.
11	(a) In General.—Subchapter IV of chapter 15 of
12	title 31, United States Code, is amended by inserting after
13	section 1555 the following:
14	"§ 1555a. Cancellation of appropriations available for
15	indefinite periods within an account
16	"Any remaining balance (whether obligated or unobli-
17	gated) from an appropriation available for an indefinite
18	
	period in an appropriation account available for an indefi-
19	period in an appropriation account available for an indefi- nite period that does not meet the requirements for closure
19 20	nite period that does not meet the requirements for closure
	nite period that does not meet the requirements for closure
20 21	nite period that does not meet the requirements for closure under section 1555 shall be canceled, and thereafter shall
20 21	nite period that does not meet the requirements for closure under section 1555 shall be canceled, and thereafter shall not be available for obligation or expenditure for any pur-

1	the appropriation was made have been carried out;
2	and
3	"(2) no disbursement has been made against
4	the appropriation for two consecutive fiscal years.".
5	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
6	for subchapter IV of chapter 15 of title 31, United States
7	Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to
8	section 1555 the following:
	"1555a. Cancellation of appropriations available for indefinite periods within an account.".
9	SEC. 216. NATIONAL EMERGENCIES ACT DECLARATION
10	SPENDING REPORTING IN THE PRESIDENT'S
11	BUDGET.
12	Section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, as
13	amended by section 214, is further amended by adding
14	at the end the following:
15	"(44)(A) a report on the proposed, planned,
16	and actual obligations and expenditures of funds (for
17	the prior fiscal year, the current fiscal year, and the
18	fiscal years for which the budget is submitted) at-
19	tributable to the exercise of powers and authorities
20	made available by statute for each national emer-
21	gency declared by the President, currently active or
22	in effect during the applicable fiscal years.
12	
23	"(B) Obligations and expenditures contained in

1	nized by Treasury Appropriation Fund Symbol or
2	fund account and by program, project, and activity,
3	and include—
4	"(i) a description of each such program,
5	project, and activity;
6	"(ii) the authorities under which such
7	funding actions are taken; and
8	"(iii) the purpose and progress of such ob-
9	ligations and expenditures toward addressing
10	the applicable national emergency.
11	"(C) Such report shall include, with respect to
12	any transfer, reprogramming, or repurposing of
13	funds to address the applicable national emer-
14	gency—
15	"(i) the amount of such transfer, re-
16	programming, or repurposing;
17	"(ii) the authority authorizing each such
18	transfer, reprogramming, or repurposing; and
19	"(iii) a description of programs, projects,
20	and activities affected by such transfer, re-
21	programming, or repurposing, including by a
22	reduction in funding.".

1	Subtitle B—Empowering Congres-
2	sional Review Through Non-
3	partisan Congressional Agencies
4	and Transparency Initiatives
5	SEC. 221. REQUIREMENT TO RESPOND TO REQUESTS FOR
6	INFORMATION FROM THE COMPTROLLER
7	GENERAL FOR BUDGET AND APPROPRIA-
8	TIONS LAW DECISIONS.
9	(a) In General.—Subchapter II of chapter 7 of title
10	31, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end
11	the following:
12	"§ 722. Requirement to respond to requests for infor-
13	mation from the Comptroller General for
14	budget and appropriations law decisions
15	"(a) If an agency receives a written request for infor-
16	mation, documentation, or views from the Comptroller
17	General relating to a decision or opinion on budget or ap-
18	propriations law, the agency shall provide the requested
19	information, documentation, or views not later than 20
20	days after receiving the written request, unless such writ-
21	ten request specifically provides otherwise.
22	"(b) If an agency fails to provide the requested infor-
23	mation, documentation, or views within the time required
<b>~</b> 4	by subsection (a)—

1	"(1) the Comptroller General shall notify, in
2	writing, the Committee on Homeland Security and
3	Governmental Affairs of the Senate, the Committee
4	on Oversight and Accountability of the House of
5	Representatives, and any other appropriate congres-
6	sional committee of such failure;
7	"(2) the Comptroller General is hereby ex-
8	pressly empowered, through attorneys selected by
9	the Comptroller General, to bring a civil action in
10	the United States District Court for the District of
11	Columbia to require such information, documenta-
12	tion, or views to be produced; and
13	"(3) the court in a civil action brought under
14	paragraph (2) is expressly empowered to enter
15	against any department, agency, officer, or employee
16	of the United States any decree, judgment, or order
17	which may be necessary or appropriate to require
18	such production.
19	"(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed as af-
20	feeting or otherwise limiting the authorities provided to
21	the Comptroller General in section 716 of this title.".
22	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections
23	for subchapter II of chapter 7 of title 31, United States
24	Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to
25	section 721 the following:

"722. Requirement to respond to requests for information from the Comptroller General for budget and appropriations law decisions.".

1	SEC. 222.	REPORTING	REQUIREMENTS	FOR
2		ANTIDEFICIENCY A	ACT VIOLATIONS.	
3	(a) Vioi	ATIONS OF SECT	ION 1341 OR 1342.	—Sec-
4	tion 1351 of	title 31, United S	States Code, is ame	nded—
5	(1)	by striking "If" a	nd inserting "(a) If	<b>,</b> ;
6	(2)	by inserting "or i	f the Comptroller (	General
7	determin	es that an officer	or employee of an	execu-
8	tive age	ncy or of the Dis	trict of Columbia g	govern-
9	ment vio	lated section 1341	l(a) or 1342," before	re "the
10	head of t	the agency";		
11	(3)	by striking "the	Comptroller Genera	l" and
12	inserting	"the Comptroller	General and the A	ttorney
13	General'	; and		
14	(4)	by adding at the $\epsilon$	end the following:	
15	"(b) Any	such report shall	include a statement	of the
16	provision viol	ated, a summary	of the facts pertain	ning to
17	the violation,	the title and Tre	asury Appropriation	Fund
18	Symbol of the	e appropriation or	fund account, the a	mount
19	involved for e	ach violation, the	date on which the vi	olation
20	occurred, the	position of any o	fficer or employee 1	respon-
21	sible for the	violation, a stater	ment of the adminis	strative
22	discipline imp	posed and any fur	ther action taken w	rith re-
23	spect to any	officer or employe	e involved in the vic	olation,
24	a statement of	of any additional a	action taken to prev	ent re-

- 1 currence of the same type of violation, a statement of any
- 2 determination that the violation was not knowing and will-
- 3 ful that has been made by the executive agency or the Dis-
- 4 trict of Columbia government, and any written response
- 5 by any officer or employee identified by position as in-
- 6 volved in the violation. In the case that the Comptroller
- 7 General issues a legal decision concluding that section
- 8 1341(a) or 1342 was violated and the executive agency
- 9 or the District of Columbia government does not agree
- 10 that a violation has occurred, the report provided to the
- 11 President, the Congress, and the Comptroller General will
- 12 explain the position of the executive agency or the District
- 13 of Columbia government.
- 14 "(c) If the Comptroller General finds that an officer
- 15 or employee of an executive agency or an officer or em-
- 16 ployee of the District of Columbia government violated
- 17 section 1341(a) or 1342 of this title, and that the head
- 18 of the agency or the Mayor of the District of Columbia
- 19 has failed to make the report required under subsection
- 20 (a), the Comptroller General shall make a report on the
- 21 violation of section 1341(a) or 1342 and any available in-
- 22 formation concerning it to both Houses of Congress.".
- 23 (b) Violations of Section 1517.—Section 1517 of
- 24 title 31, United States Code, is amended—
- 25 (1) in subsection (b)—

1	(A) by inserting "or if the Comptroller
2	General determines that an officer or employee
3	of an executive agency or of the District of Co-
4	lumbia government violated subsection (a)," be-
5	fore "the head of the executive agency"; and
6	(B) by striking "the Comptroller General"
7	and inserting "the Comptroller General and the
8	Attorney General"; and
9	(2) by adding at the end the following:
10	"(c) Any such report shall include a statement of the
11	provision violated, a summary of the facts pertaining to
12	the violation, the title and Treasury Appropriation Fund
13	Symbol of the appropriation or fund account, the amount
14	involved for each violation, the date on which the violation
15	occurred, the position of any officer or employee respon-
16	sible for the violation, a statement of the administrative
17	discipline imposed and any further action taken with re-
18	spect to any officer or employee involved in the violation,
19	a statement of any additional action taken to prevent re-
20	currence of the same type of violation, a statement of any
21	determination that the violation was not knowing and will-
22	ful that has been made by the executive agency or the Dis-
23	trict of Columbia government, and any written response
24	by any officer or employee identified by position as in-
25	volved in the violation. In the case that the Comptroller

1	General issues a legal decision concluding that subsection
2	(a) was violated and the executive agency or the District
3	of Columbia government does not agree that a violation
4	has occurred, the report provided to the President, the
5	Congress, and the Comptroller General will explain the po-
6	sition of the executive agency or the District of Columbia
7	government.".
8	SEC. 223. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE REPORTING TO CON-
9	GRESS FOR ANTIDEFICIENCY ACT VIOLA-
10	TIONS.
11	(a) Violations of Sections 1341 or 1342.—Sec-
12	tion 1350 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—
13	(1) by striking "An officer" and inserting "(a)
14	An officer"; and
15	(2) by adding at the end the following:
16	``(b)(1) If an executive agency or the District of Co-
17	lumbia government reports, under section 1351, a viola-
18	tion of section 1341(a) or 1342, the Attorney General
19	shall promptly review such report and investigate to the
20	extent necessary to determine whether there are reason-
21	able grounds to believe that the responsible officer or em-
22	ployee knowingly and willfully violated such section
23	1341(a) or 1342, as applicable. If the Attorney General
24	determines that there are such reasonable grounds, the

1	Attorney General diligently shall investigate a criminal
2	violation under this section.
3	"(2) The Attorney General shall submit to Congress
4	and the Comptroller General on or before March 31 of
5	each calendar year an annual report detailing separately
6	for each executive agency and for the District of Columbia
7	government—
8	"(A) the number of reports under section 1351
9	transmitted to the President during the preceding
10	calendar year;
11	"(B) the number of reports reviewed in accord-
12	ance with paragraph (1) during the preceding cal-
13	endar year;
14	"(C) without identification of any individual of-
15	ficer or employee, a description of each investigation
16	undertaken in accordance with paragraph (1) during
17	the preceding calendar year and an explanation of
18	the status of any such investigation; and
19	"(D) without identification of any individual of-
20	ficer or employee, an explanation of any update to
21	the status of any review or investigation previously
22	reported pursuant to this paragraph.".
23	(b) Violations of Section 1517.—Section 1519 of
24	title 31, United States Code, is amended—

1	(1) by striking "An officer" and inserting "(a)
2	An officer"; and
3	(2) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(b)(1) If an executive agency or the District of Co-
5	lumbia government reports, under section 1517(b), a vio-
6	lation of section 1517(a), the Attorney General shall
7	promptly review such report and investigate to the extent
8	necessary to determine whether there are reasonable
9	grounds to believe that the responsible officer or employee
10	knowingly and willfully violated such section 1517(a). If
11	the Attorney General determines that there are such rea-
12	sonable grounds, the Attorney General diligently shall in-
13	vestigate a criminal violation under this section.
14	"(2) The Attorney General shall submit to Congress
15	and the Comptroller General on or before March 31 of
16	each calendar year an annual report detailing separately
17	for each executive agency and for the District of Columbia
18	government—
19	"(A) the number of reports under section
20	1517(b) transmitted to the President during the pre-
21	ceding calendar year;
22	"(B) the number of reports reviewed in accord-
23	ance with paragraph (1) during the preceding cal-
24	endar year;

1	"(C) without identification of any individual of-
2	ficer or employee, a description of each investigation
3	undertaken in accordance with paragraph (1) during
4	the preceding calendar year and an explanation of
5	the status of any such investigation; and
6	"(D) without identification of any individual of-
7	ficer or employee, an explanation of any update to
8	the status of any review or investigation previously
9	reported pursuant to this subsection.".
10	SEC. 224. TREATMENT OF REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION
11	FROM MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.
12	Section 552(d) of title 5, United States Code (com-
13	monly known as the "Freedom of Information Act"), is
14	amended, in the second sentence, by inserting "or any
15	Member of Congress" before the period at the end.
16	SEC. 225. SUITS BY COMPTROLLER GENERAL FOR
17	ANTIDEFICIENCY ACT VIOLATIONS.
18	(a) In General.—Subchapter II of chapter 7 of title
19	31, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end
20	the following:
21	"§ 722. Suits by Comptroller General for ongoing
22	<b>Antideficiency Act violations</b>
23	"If the Comptroller General determines that an indi-
24	vidual is committing an ongoing violation of section
25	1341(a), 1342, or 1517(a), the Comptroller General may,

- 1 through attorneys of his own selection, bring a civil action
- 2 in the United States District Court for the District of Co-
- 3 lumbia, and such court is hereby expressly empowered to
- 4 enter in such civil action, against any department, agency,
- 5 officer, or employee of the United States, any decree, judg-
- 6 ment, or order, which may be necessary or appropriate to
- 7 stop the ongoing violation.".
- 8 (b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections
- 9 for such subchapter is amended by adding after the item
- 10 relating to section 721 the following:
  - "722. Suits by Comptroller General for Antideficiency Act violations.".
- 11 SEC. 226. INSPECTOR GENERAL FOR THE OFFICE OF MAN-
- 12 AGEMENT AND BUDGET.
- 13 (a) Establishment of Office.—Section 401 of
- 14 title 5, United States Code, is amended—
- 15 (1) in paragraph (1), by inserting "the Office
- of Management and Budget," after "means"; and
- 17 (2) in paragraph (3), by inserting "the Director
- of the Office of Management and Budget," after
- 19 "means".
- 20 (b) Special Provisions Concerning the Inspec-
- 21 TOR GENERAL OF THE OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND
- 22 Budget.—Chapter 4 of title 5, United States Code, is
- 23 amended by inserting after section 424 the following new
- 24 section:

1	"§ 425. Special provisions concerning the Inspector
2	General of the Office of Management and
3	Budget
4	"The Inspector General of the Office of Management
5	and Budget shall only have jurisdiction over those matters
6	that—
7	"(1) have been specifically assigned to the Of-
8	fice under law;
9	"(2) are legal requirements delegated to the Of-
10	fice; or
11	"(3) otherwise involve compliance with legal re-
12	quirements.".
13	(c) Appointment.—Not later than 120 days after
14	the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall
15	appoint an individual to serve as the Inspector General
16	of the Office of Management and Budget in accordance
17	with section 403(a) of title 5, United States Code.
18	SEC. 227. PUBLICATION OF BUDGET OR APPROPRIATIONS
19	LAW OPINIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF JUS-
20	TICE OFFICE OF LEGAL COUNSEL.
21	(a) Schedule of Publication for Final OLC
22	OPINIONS.—Each final OLC opinion shall be made avail-
23	able on its public website in a manner that is searchable,
24	sortable, and downloadable in its entirety as soon as is
25	practicable, but—

1	(1) not later than 30 days after the opinion is
2	issued or updated if such action takes place on or
3	after the date of enactment of this Act;
4	(2) not later than 1 year after the date of en-
5	actment of this Act for an opinion issued on or after
6	January 20, 1993;
7	(3) not later than 2 years after the date of en-
8	actment of this Act for an opinion issued on or after
9	January 20, 1981, and before or on January 19,
10	1993;
11	(4) not later than 3 years after the date of en-
12	actment of this Act for an opinion issued on or after
13	January 20, 1969, and before or on January 19,
14	1981; and
15	(5) not later than 4 years after the date of en-
16	actment of this Act for all other opinions.
17	(b) Exceptions and Limitation on Public
18	AVAILABILITY OF FINAL OLC OPINIONS.—
19	(1) In general.—A final OLC opinion or part
20	thereof may be withheld only to the extent—
21	(A) information contained in the opinion
22	was—
23	(i) specifically authorized to be kept
24	secret, under criteria established by an Ex-

1	ecutive order, in the interest of national
2	defense or foreign policy;
3	(ii) properly classified, including all
4	procedural and marking requirements, pur-
5	suant to such Executive order;
6	(iii) the Attorney General determines
7	that the national defense or foreign policy
8	interests protected outweigh the public's
9	interest in access to the information; and
10	(iv) put through declassification re-
11	view within the past two years;
12	(B) information contained in the opinion
13	relates to the appointment of a specific indi-
14	vidual not confirmed to Federal office;
15	(C) information contained in the opinion is
16	specifically exempted from disclosure by statute
17	(other than sections 552 and 552b of title 5,
18	United States Code), if such statute—
19	(i) requires that the material be with-
20	held in such a manner as to leave no dis-
21	cretion on the issue; or
22	(ii) establishes particular criteria for
23	withholding or refers to particular types of
24	material to be withheld;

1	(D) information in the opinion includes
2	trade secrets and commercial or financial infor-
3	mation obtained from a person and privileged
4	or confidential whose disclosure would likely
5	cause substantial harm to the competitive posi-
6	tion of the person from whom the information
7	was obtained;
8	(E) the President, in his or her sole and
9	nondelegable determination, formally and per-
10	sonally claims in writing that executive privilege
11	prevents the release of the information and dis-
12	closure would cause specific identifiable harm to
13	an interest protected by an exception or the dis-
14	closure is prohibited by law; or
15	(F) information in the opinion includes
16	personnel and medical files and similar files the
17	disclosure of which would constitute a clearly
18	unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.
19	(2) Determination to withhold.—Any de-
20	termination under this subsection to withhold infor-
21	mation contained in a final OLC opinion shall be
22	made by the Attorney General or a designee of the
23	Attorney General. The determination shall be—
24	(A) in writing;

1	(B) made available to the public within the
2	same timeframe as is required of a formal OLC
3	opinion;
4	(C) sufficiently detailed as to inform the
5	public of what kind of information is being
6	withheld and the reason therefore; and
7	(D) effective only for a period of 3 years,
8	subject to review and reissuance, with each
9	reissuance made available to the public.
10	(3) Final opinions.—For final OLC opinions
11	for which the text is withheld in full or in substan-
12	tial part, a detailed unclassified summary of the
13	opinion shall be made available to the public, in the
14	same timeframe as required of the final OLC opin-
15	ion, that conveys the essence of the opinion, includ-
16	ing any interpretations of a statute, the Constitu-
17	tion, or other legal authority. A notation shall be in-
18	cluded in any published list of final OLC opinions
19	regarding the extent of the withholdings.
20	(4) No limitation on freedom of informa-
21	TION.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed
22	as limiting the availability of information under sec-
23	tion 552 of title 5, United States Code or construed
24	as an exemption under paragraph (3) of subsection
25	(b) of such section.

1	(5) No limitation on relief.—A decision by
2	the Attorney General to release or withhold informa-
3	tion pursuant to this title shall not preclude any ac-
4	tion or relief conferred by statutory or regulatory re-
5	gime that empowers any person to request or de-
6	mand the release of information.
7	(6) Reasonably segregable portions of
8	OPINIONS TO BE PUBLISHED.—Any reasonably seg-
9	regable portion of an opinion shall be provided after
10	withholding of the portions which are exempt under
11	this section. The amount of information withheld,
12	and the exemption under which the withholding is
13	made, shall be indicated on the released portion of
14	the opinion, unless including that indication would
15	harm an interest protected by the exemption in this
16	paragraph under which the withholding is made. If
17	technically feasible, the amount of the information
18	withheld, and the exemption under which the with-
19	holding is made, shall be indicated at the place in
20	the opinion where such withholding is made.
21	(c) METHOD OF PUBLICATION.—The Attorney Gen-
22	eral shall publish each final OLC opinion to the extent
23	the law permits, including by publishing the opinions on
24	a publicly accessible website that—
25	(1) with respect to each opinion—

1	(A) contains an electronic copy of the opin-
2	ion, including any transmittal letter associated
3	with the opinion, in an open format that is plat-
4	form independent and that is available to the
5	public without restrictions;
6	(B) provides the public the ability to re-
7	trieve an opinion, to the extent practicable,
8	through searches based on—
9	(i) the title of the opinion;
10	(ii) the date of publication or revision;
11	$\operatorname{or}$
12	(iii) the full text of the opinion;
13	(C) identifies the time and date when the
14	opinion was required to be published, and when
15	the opinion was transmitted for publication;
16	and
17	(D) provides a permanent means of access-
18	ing the opinion electronically;
19	(2) includes a means for bulk download of all
20	final OLC opinions or a selection of opinions re-
21	trieved using a text-based search;
22	(3) provides free access to the opinions, and
23	does not charge a fee, require registration, or impose
24	any other limitation in exchange for access to the
25	website; and

1	(4) is capable of being upgraded as necessary to
2	carry out the purposes of this section.
3	(d) Definitions.—In this section:
4	(1) OLC OPINION.—The term "OLC opinion"
5	means views on a matter of legal interpretation com-
6	municated by the Office of Legal Counsel of the De-
7	partment of Justice to any other office or agency, or
8	person in an office or agency, in the Executive
9	Branch, including any office in the Department of
10	Justice, the White House, or the Executive Office of
11	the President, and rendered in accordance with sec-
12	tions 511–513 of title 28, United States Code, and
13	relating to—
14	(A) subtitle II, III, V, or VI of title 31,
15	United States Code;
16	(B) the Balanced Budget and Emergency
17	Deficit Control Act of 1985;
18	(C) the Congressional Budget and Im-
19	poundment Control Act of 1974; or
20	(D) any appropriations Act, continuing
21	resolution, or other provision of law providing
22	or governing appropriations or budget author-
23	ity.
24	(2) Final Olc Opinion.—The term "final
25	OLC opinion" means an OLC opinion that—

1	(A) the Attorney General, Assistant Attor-
2	ney General for the Office of Legal Counsel, or
3	a Deputy Assistant Attorney General for the
4	Office of Legal Counsel, has determined is
5	final; or
6	(B) is cited in another Office of Legal
7	Counsel opinion.
8	TITLE III—REPUBLIC ACT
9	SEC. 301. SHORT TITLE.
10	This title may be cited as the "Reforming Emergency
11	Powers to Uphold the Balances and Limitations Inherent
12	in the Constitution Act" or the "REPUBLIC Act".
13	Subtitle A—Congressional Review
14	of National Emergencies
15	SEC. 311. CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW OF NATIONAL EMER-
16	GENCIES.
17	The National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1621 et
18	seq.) is amended by inserting after title I the following:
19	"TITLE II—DECLARATIONS OF
20	FUTURE NATIONAL EMER-
21	GENCIES
22	"SEC. 201. DECLARATIONS OF NATIONAL EMERGENCIES.
23	"(a) Authority To Declare National Emer-
24	GENCIES.—With respect to Acts of Congress authorizing
25	the exercise, during the period of a national emergency.

1	of any special or extraordinary power, the President is au-
2	thorized to declare such a national emergency by procla-
3	mation. Such proclamation shall immediately be trans-
4	mitted to Congress and published in the Federal Register.
5	"(b) Specification of Provisions of Law To Be
6	Exercised.—No powers or authorities made available by
7	statute for use during the period of a national emergency
8	shall be exercised unless and until the President specifies
9	the provisions of law under which the President proposes
10	that the President or other officers will act in—
11	"(1) a proclamation declaring a national emer-
12	gency under subsection (a); or
13	"(2) one or more Executive orders relating to
14	the emergency published in the Federal Register and
15	transmitted to Congress.
16	"(c) Prohibition on Subsequent Actions if
17	EMERGENCIES NOT APPROVED.—
18	"(1) Subsequent declarations.—If a joint
19	resolution of approval is not enacted under section
20	203 with respect to a national emergency before the
21	expiration of the 45-day period described in section
22	202(a), or with respect to a national emergency pro-
23	posed to be renewed under section 202(b), the Presi-
24	dent may not, during the remainder of the term of
25	office of that President, declare a subsequent na-

1	tional emergency under subsection (a) with respect
2	to the same circumstances.
3	"(2) Exercise of authorities.—If a joint
4	resolution of approval is not enacted under section
5	203 with respect to a power or authority specified by
6	the President in a proclamation under subsection (a)
7	or an Executive order under subsection (b)(2) with
8	respect to a national emergency, the President may
9	not, during the remainder of the term of office of
10	that President, exercise that power or authority with
11	respect to that emergency.
12	"(d) Effect of Future Laws.—No law enacted
13	after the date of the enactment of this Act shall supersede
14	this title unless it does so in specific terms, referring to
15	this title, and declaring that the new law supersedes the
16	provisions of this title.
17	"SEC. 202. EFFECTIVE PERIODS OF NATIONAL EMER-
18	GENCIES.
19	"(a) Temporary Effective Periods.—
20	"(1) In general.—A declaration of a national
21	emergency shall remain in effect for a period of 45
22	calendar days from the issuance of the proclamation
23	under section 201(a) (not counting the day on which
24	the proclamation was issued) and shall terminate
25	when such period expires unless there is enacted into

1	law a joint resolution of approval under section 203
2	with respect to the proclamation.
3	"(2) Exercise of powers and authori-
4	TIES.—Any emergency power or authority made
5	available under a provision of law specified pursuant
6	to section 201(b) may be exercised pursuant to a
7	declaration of a national emergency for a period of
8	45 calendar days from the issuance of the proclama-
9	tion or Executive order (not counting the day on
10	which such proclamation or Executive order was
11	issued). That power or authority may not be exer-
12	cised after such period expires unless there is en-
13	acted into law a joint resolution of approval under
14	section 203 approving—
15	"(A) the proclamation of the national
16	emergency or the Executive order; and
17	"(B) the exercise of the power or authority
18	specified by the President in such proclamation
19	or Executive order.
20	"(b) Renewal of National Emergencies.—A na-
21	tional emergency declared by the President under section
22	201(a) or previously renewed under this subsection
23	through the enactment of a joint resolution of approval,
24	and not already terminated pursuant to subsection (a) or
25	(c), shall terminate on the date that is one year after the

1	President transmitted to Congress the proclamation de-
2	claring the emergency or the joint resolution of approval
3	was enacted into law, unless—
4	"(1) the President publishes in the Federal
5	Register and transmits to Congress an Executive
6	order renewing the emergency; and
7	"(2) there is enacted into law a joint resolution
8	of approval renewing the emergency pursuant to sec-
9	tion 203 before the termination of the emergency or
10	previous renewal of the emergency.
11	"(c) Termination of National Emergencies.—
12	"(1) In General.—Any national emergency
13	declared by the President under section 201(a) shall
14	terminate on the earliest of—
15	"(A) the date provided for in subsection
16	(a);
17	"(B) the date provided for in subsection
18	(b);
19	"(C) the date specified in an Act of Con-
20	gress terminating the emergency; or
21	"(D) the date specified in a proclamation
22	of the President terminating the emergency.
23	"(2) Effect of Termination —

1	"(A) In General.—Effective on the date
2	of the termination of a national emergency
3	under paragraph (1)—
4	"(i) except as provided by subpara-
5	graph (B), any powers or authorities exer-
6	cised by reason of the emergency shall
7	cease to be exercised;
8	"(ii) any amounts reprogrammed or
9	transferred under any provision of law
10	with respect to the emergency that remain
11	unobligated on that date shall be returned
12	and made available for the purpose for
13	which such amounts were appropriated;
14	and
15	"(iii) any contracts entered into pur-
16	suant to authorities provided as a result of
17	the emergency shall be terminated.
18	"(B) Savings provision.—The termi-
19	nation of a national emergency shall not af-
20	fect—
21	"(i) any legal action taken or pending
22	legal proceeding not finally concluded or
23	determined on the date of the termination
24	under paragraph (1);

1	"(ii) any legal action or legal pro-
2	ceeding based on any act committed prior
3	to that date; or
4	"(iii) any rights or duties that ma-
5	tured or penalties that were incurred prior
6	to that date.
7	"SEC. 203. REVIEW BY CONGRESS OF NATIONAL EMER-
8	GENCIES.
9	"(a) Joint Resolution of Approval Defined.—
10	In this section, the term 'joint resolution of approval'
11	means a joint resolution that contains, after its resolving
12	clause, only—
13	"(1) a provision approving—
14	"(A) a proclamation of a national emer-
15	gency made under section 201(a);
16	"(B) an Executive order issued under sec-
17	tion $201(b)(2)$ ; or
18	"(C) an Executive order issued under sec-
19	tion 202(b); and
20	"(2) a provision approving a list of all or a por-
21	tion of the provisions of law specified by the Presi-
22	dent under section 201(b) in the proclamation or
23	Executive order that is the subject of the joint reso-
24	lution.

1	"(b) Procedures for Consideration of Joint
2	RESOLUTIONS OF APPROVAL.—
3	"(1) Introduction.—After the President
4	transmits to Congress a proclamation declaring a
5	national emergency under section 201(a), or trans-
6	mits to Congress an Executive order specifying
7	emergency powers or authorities under section
8	201(b)(2) or renewing a national emergency under
9	section 202(b), a joint resolution of approval may be
10	introduced in either House of Congress by any mem-
11	ber of that House.
12	"(2) Consideration in Senate.—In the Sen-
13	ate, the following shall apply:
14	"(A) REPORTING AND DISCHARGE.—If
15	each committee to which a joint resolution of
16	approval has been referred has not reported it
17	at the end of 10 calendar days after its intro-
18	duction, that committee shall be automatically
19	discharged from further consideration of the
20	resolution and it shall be placed on the cal-
21	endar.
22	"(B) Proceeding to consideration.—
23	Notwithstanding Rule XXII of the Standing
24	Rules of the Senate, when each committee to
25	which a joint resolution of approval is referred

1	has reported the resolution, or is discharged
2	under subparagraph (A) from further consider-
3	ation of the resolution, it is at any time there-
4	after in order (even though a previous motion
5	to the same effect has been disagreed to) for a
6	motion to proceed to the consideration of the
7	joint resolution, and all points of order against
8	the joint resolution (and against consideration
9	of the joint resolution) are waived. The motion
10	to proceed is subject to 4 hours of debate di-
11	vided equally between those favoring and those
12	opposing the joint resolution of approval. The
13	motion is not subject to amendment, or to a
14	motion to postpone, or to a motion to proceed
15	to the consideration of other business.
16	"(C) Floor consideration.—A joint
17	resolution of approval shall be subject to 10
18	hours of consideration, to be divided evenly be-
19	tween the proponents and opponents of the res-
20	olution.
21	"(D) Amendments.—No amendments
22	shall be in order with respect to a joint resolu-
23	tion of approval.
24	"(E) MOTION TO RECONSIDER FINAL
25	VOTE.—A motion to reconsider a vote on pas-

1	sage of a joint resolution of approval shall not
2	be in order.
3	"(F) Appeals.—Points of order, including
4	questions of relevancy, and appeals from the de-
5	cision of the Presiding Officer, shall be decided
6	without debate.
7	"(3) Consideration in house of Rep-
8	RESENTATIVES.—In the House of Representatives,
9	the following shall apply:
10	"(A) REPORTING AND DISCHARGE.—If
11	each committee to which a joint resolution of
12	approval has been referred has not reported it
13	to the House within 10 calendar days after the
14	date of referral, such committee shall be dis-
15	charged from further consideration of the joint
16	resolution.
17	"(B) Proceeding to consideration.—
18	"(i) In General.—Beginning on the
19	third legislative day after each committee
20	to which a joint resolution of approval has
21	been referred reports it to the House or
22	has been discharged from further consider-
23	ation, and except as provided in clause (ii),
24	it shall be in order to move to proceed to
25	consider the joint resolution in the House.

1	All points of order against the motion are
2	waived. The previous question shall be con-
3	sidered as ordered on the motion to its
4	adoption without intervening motion. The
5	motion shall not be debatable. A motion to
6	reconsider the vote by which the motion is
7	disposed of shall not be in order.
8	"(ii) Subsequent motions to pro-
9	CEED TO JOINT RESOLUTION OF AP-
10	PROVAL.—A motion to proceed to consider
11	a joint resolution of approval shall not be
12	in order after the House has disposed of
13	another motion to proceed on that joint
14	resolution.
15	"(C) Floor consideration.—Upon
16	adoption of the motion to proceed in accordance
17	with subparagraph (B)(i), the joint resolution
18	of approval shall be considered as read. All
19	points of order against the joint resolution of
20	approval and against its consideration are
21	waived. The previous question shall be consid-
22	ered as ordered on the joint resolution to final
23	passage without intervening motion except two
24	hours of debate, equally divided and controlled
25	by the sponsor of the joint resolution (or a des-

1	ignee) and an opponent. A motion to reconsider
2	the vote on passage of the joint resolution shall
3	not be in order.
4	"(D) Amendments.—No amendments
5	shall be in order with respect to a joint resolu-
6	tion of approval.
7	"(4) Receipt of resolution from other
8	HOUSE.—
9	"(A) In general.—If, before passing a
10	joint resolution of approval, one House receives
11	a joint resolution of approval from the other
12	House, then—
13	"(i) the joint resolution of the other
14	House shall not be referred to a committee
15	and shall be deemed to have been dis-
16	charged from committee on the day it is
17	received; and
18	"(ii) the procedures set forth in para-
19	graphs (2) and (3), as applicable, shall
20	apply in the receiving House to the joint
21	resolution received from the other House
22	to the same extent as such procedures
23	apply to a joint resolution of the receiving
24	House.

1	"(B) APPLICATION TO REVENUE MEAS-
2	URES.—The provisions of this paragraph shall
3	not apply in the House of Representatives to a
4	joint resolution of approval that is a revenue
5	measure.
6	"(c) Rule of Construction.—The enactment of a
7	joint resolution of approval under this section shall not
8	be interpreted to serve as a grant or modification by Con-
9	gress of statutory authority for the emergency powers of
10	the President.
11	"(d) Rules of the House and Senate.—This sec-
12	tion is enacted by Congress—
13	"(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of
14	the Senate and the House of Representatives, re-
15	spectively, and as such is deemed a part of the rules
16	of each House, respectively, but applicable only with
17	respect to the procedure to be followed in the House
18	in the case of joint resolutions described in this sec-
19	tion, and supersedes other rules only to the extent
20	that it is inconsistent with such other rules; and
21	"(2) with full recognition of the constitutional
22	right of either House to change the rules (so far as
23	relating to the procedure of that House) at any time,
24	in the same manner, and to the same extent as in
25	the case of any other rule of that House.

## 1 "SEC. 204. APPLICABILITY.

- 2 "This title shall apply to a national emergency pursu-
- 3 ant to which the President proposes to exercise emergency
- 4 powers or authorities made available under any provision
- 5 of law that is not a provision of law described in section
- 6 604(a).".

## 7 SEC. 312. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

- 8 Section 401 of the National Emergencies Act (50
- 9 U.S.C. 1641) is amended—
- 10 (1) in subsection (c)—
- (A) in the first sentence by inserting ",
- and make publicly available" after "transmit to
- Congress"; and
- (B) in the second sentence by inserting ",
- and make publicly available," before "a final re-
- port"; and
- 17 (2) by adding at the end the following:
- 18 "(d) Report on Emergencies.—The President
- 19 shall transmit to the entities described in subsection (g),
- 20 with any proclamation declaring a national emergency
- 21 under section 201(a) or any Executive order specifying
- 22 emergency powers or authorities under section 201(b)(2)
- 23 or renewing a national emergency under section 202(b),
- 24 a report, in writing, that includes the following:
- 25 "(1) A description of the circumstances necessi-
- tating the declaration of a national emergency, the

1 renewal of such an emergency, or the use of a new 2 emergency authority specified in the Executive 3 order, as the case may be. 4 "(2) The estimated duration of the national 5 emergency, or a statement that the duration of the 6 national emergency cannot reasonably be estimated 7 at the time of transmission of the report. 8 "(3) A summary of the actions the President or 9 other officers intend to take, including any re-10 programming or transfer of funds, and the statutory 11 authorities the President and such officers expect to 12 rely on in addressing the national emergency. 13 "(4) The total expenditures estimated to be in-14 curred by the United States Government during 15 such six-month period which are directly attributable 16 to the exercise of powers and authorities conferred 17 by such declaration. 18 "(5) In the case of a renewal of a national 19 emergency, a summary of the actions the President 20 or other officers have taken in the preceding one-21 year period, including any reprogramming or trans-22 fer of funds, to address the emergency. 23 "(e) Provision of Information to Congress.— The President shall provide to the entities described in subsection (g) such other information as such entities may 25

1	request in connection with any national emergency in ef-
2	fect under title II.
3	"(f) Periodic Reports on Status of Emer-
4	GENCIES.—If the President declares a national emergency
5	under section 201(a), the President shall, not less fre-
6	quently than every 6 months for the duration of the emer-
7	gency, report to the entities described in subsection (g)
8	on the status of the emergency, the total expenditures in-
9	curred by the United States Government, and the actions
10	the President or other officers have taken and authorities
11	the President and such officers have relied on in address-
12	ing the emergency.
13	"(g) Entities Described.—The entities described
14	in this subsection are—
15	"(1) the Speaker of the House of Representa-
16	tives;
17	"(2) minority leader of the House of Represent-
18	atives;
19	"(3) the Committee on Transportation and In-
20	frastructure of the House of Representatives; and
21	"(4) the Committee on Homeland Security and
22	Governmental Affairs of the Senate.".

1	SEC. 313. EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN NATIONAL EMER-
2	GENCIES INVOKING INTERNATIONAL EMER-
3	GENCY ECONOMIC POWERS ACT.
4	(a) In General.—The National Emergencies Act
5	(50 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), as amended by this subtitle, is
6	further amended by adding at the end the following:
7	"TITLE VI—DECLARATIONS OF
8	CERTAIN EMERGENCIES IN-
9	VOKING INTERNATIONAL
10	EMERGENCY ECONOMIC POW-
11	ERS ACT
12	"SEC. 604. APPLICABILITY.
13	"(a) In General.—This title shall apply to a na-
14	tional emergency pursuant to which the President pro-
15	poses to exercise emergency powers or authorities made
16	available under the International Emergency Economic
17	Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.).
18	"(b) Effect of Additional Powers and Au-
19	THORITIES.—This title shall not apply to a national emer-
20	gency or the exercise of emergency powers and authorities
21	pursuant to the national emergency if, in addition to the
22	exercise of emergency powers and authorities described in
23	subsection (a), the President proposes to exercise, pursu-
24	ant to the national emergency, any emergency powers and
25	authorities under any other provision of law.".

(b) Transfer.—Sections 201, 202, and 301 of the 1 2 National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), as 3 such sections appeared on the day before the date of the 4 enactment of this Act, are— 5 (1) transferred to title VI of such Act (as added 6 by subsection (a)); 7 (2) inserted before section 604 of such title (as 8 added by subsection (a)); and 9 (3) redesignated as sections 601, 602, and 603, 10 respectively. 11 (c) Conforming Amendment.—Title II of the Na-12 tional Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), as such title appeared the day before the date of the enactment 13 14 of this Act, is amended by striking the heading for such 15 title. SEC. 314. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS. 17 (a) NATIONAL EMERGENCIES ACT.—Title III of the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1631) is repealed. 18 19 (b) International Emergency Economic Pow-ERS ACT.—Section 207(b) of the International Emergency 20 21 Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1706) is amended by striking "concurrent resolution" each place it appears and

inserting "joint resolution".

## SEC. 315. EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICABILITY.

- 2 (a) IN GENERAL.—This title and the amendments
- 3 made by this title shall—
- 4 (1) take effect on the date of the enactment of
- 5 this Act; and
- 6 (2) except as provided in subsection (b), apply
- 7 with respect to national emergencies declared under
- 8 section 201 of the National Emergencies Act on or
- 9 after such date.
- 10 (b) Applicability to Renewals of Existing
- 11 Emergencies.—With respect to a national emergency de-
- 12 clared under section 201 of the National Emergencies Act
- 13 before the date of the enactment of this Act that would
- 14 expire or be renewed under section 202(d) of that Act (as
- 15 in effect on the day before such date of enactment), that
- 16 national emergency shall be subject to the requirements
- 17 for renewal under section 202(b) of that Act, as amended
- 18 by section 311.
- 19 (c) Supersession.—This title and the amendments
- 20 made by this title shall supersede title II of the National
- 21 Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1621 et seq.) as such title
- 22 was in effect on the day before the date of enactment of
- 23 this Act.

1	Subtitle B—Limitations on
2	<b>Emergency Authorities</b>
3	SEC. 321. PRESIDENTIAL WAR POWERS UNDER COMMU-
4	NICATIONS ACT OF 1934.
5	Section 706 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47
6	U.S.C. 606) is amended—
7	(1) in subsection (c), by inserting "and declares
8	a national emergency" after "in the interest of na-
9	tional security or defense,"; and
10	(2) in subsection (d), by striking "there exists"
11	and inserting "a national emergency exists by virtue
12	of there being".
13	SEC. 322. DISCLOSURE TO CONGRESS OF PRESIDENTIAL
14	EMERGENCY ACTION DOCUMENTS.
15	(a) In General.—Not later than 3 days after the
16	conclusion of the process for approval, adoption, or revi-
17	sion of any presidential emergency action document, the
18	President shall submit that document to the appropriate
19	congressional committees.
20	(b) Documents in Existence Before Date of
21	ENACTMENT.—Not later than 15 days after the date of
22	the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to
23	the appropriate congressional committees all presidential
24	emergency action documents in existence before such date
25	of enactment.

1	(c) Oversight.—
2	(1) Senate.—The Committee on Homeland
3	Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate
4	shall have—
5	(A) continuing legislative oversight juris-
6	diction in the Senate with respect to the pro-
7	posal, creation, implementation, and execution
8	of presidential emergency action documents;
9	and
10	(B) access to any and all presidential
11	emergency action documents.
12	(2) House of Representatives.—The Com-
13	mittee on Oversight and Accountability of the House
14	of Representatives shall have—
15	(A) continuing legislative oversight juris-
16	diction in the House of Representatives with re-
17	spect to the proposal, creation, implementation,
18	and execution of presidential emergency action
19	documents; and
20	(B) access to any and all presidential
21	emergency action documents.
22	(3) Duty to cooperate.—All officers and em-
23	ployees of any Federal agency shall have the duty to
24	cooperate with the exercise of oversight jurisdiction
25	described in this subsection.

1	(4) Security Clearances.—The chairpersons
2	and ranking members of the appropriate congres-
3	sional committees, and designated staff of those
4	committees, shall be granted all security clearances
5	required to access, and granted access to, presi-
6	dential emergency action documents, including under
7	relevant Presidential or agency special access and
8	compartmented access programs.
9	(d) Definitions.—In this section:
10	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
11	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
12	mittees" means—
13	(A) the Committee on Homeland Security
14	and Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and
15	(B) the Committee on Oversight and Ac-
16	countability of the House of Representatives.
17	(2) FEDERAL AGENCY.—The term "Federal
18	agency"—
19	(A) has the meaning given the term "agen-
20	cy' in section 552(f) of title 5, United States
21	Code; and
22	(B) includes the Executive Office of the
23	President, the Executive Office of the Vice
24	President, the Office of Management and Budg-
25	et, and the National Security Council.

1	(3) Presidential emergency action docu-
2	MENT.—The term "presidential emergency action
3	document" refers to any document created by any
4	Federal agency before, on, or after the date of the
5	enactment of this Act, that is—
6	(A) designated as a presidential emergency
7	action document or presidential emergency ac-
8	tion directive;
9	(B) designed to implement a presidential
10	decision or transmit a presidential request when
11	an emergency disrupts normal executive, legisla-
12	tive, judicial, or other Federal governmental
13	processes;
14	(C) a Presidential Policy Directive, regard-
15	less of whether the directive is available to the
16	public, that triggers any change in policies, pro-
17	cedures, or operations of the Federal Govern-
18	ment upon the declaration by the President of
19	an emergency; or
20	(D) any other document, briefing, or plan,
21	regardless of whether the document, briefing, or
22	plan exists in any tangible or written form, that
23	triggers any change in operations of the Fed-
24	eral Government upon the declaration by the
25	President of an emergency.